To:

Dr. William Schuster, Forest Director

Black Rock Forest Consortium

129 Continental Road Cornwall, NY 12518

From:

Jack Caldwell

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New Windsor, NY 12553

Final Report: Black Rock Forest Small Grant 1997-1998

A Black Rock Forest Small Grant was awarded to me to implement a project called "Students Becoming Scientists." Upon reviewing the project, now completed, I find that it had two main goals: (1) to use the Apple eMate 300 mobile field computer and eProbes in the forest with eighth grade students and (2) to create and implement a set of activities designed to allow these students to perform tasks similar to those of a scientist in the field. I worked with Robert Schiff, eighth grade science teacher, and four of his five classes. (I mention this information about Rob's classes as a point of clarification and curiosity. The class that did not go to the forest was Rob's earth science honors class. There is something about Regents level courses that seems to prohibit time away from the classroom for projects like this one. Are they too content driven, denying skills and process?) We made five trips to the forest. One class going in the fall and in the spring while the other three classes went in the spring only.

Our basic instructional design went like this:

- 1. two to three days of classroom preparation regarding the forest and the eMate with the eProbe.
- 2. a day trip to the forest was broken into three parts: a) arrival and set up of the eMates for a spreadsheet (data collection at various sites of pH, air temp. and water temp.), the eProbe (temperature readings and graph), a journal page, and a scavenger hunt page, b) a forest hike to the chlorinator to familiarize students with the forest (scavenger hunt) and to recognize the forest as a water shed.

- 3. data collection, during the hike, of the stream leaving the Upper Reservoir and, after lunch (which by the way is very important to eight graders), of the Upper Reservoir tributary.
- 4. one day in the classroom to report out the data, confirm any predictions, and discuss the experience in general.

In all honesty, I need to report to you that I feel the project was only moderately successful. The following are the elements of the project that were not satisfactorily completed:

- □ the project was to have students attempt to collect enough data, over time, that could be examined for patterns and trends, possibly leading to deeper investigations. We did not do this.
- a if we were able to do an investigation (research), the project was to have students attempt to replicate the investigation, previous practices and findings of the first set of students. We did not do this either.
- □ the project was to explore the workings of the eMate and eProbe. We did this but in doing as much as we did, we realized that the eMate and eProbe have more to offer to the science education of our students. We only touched on a small part of the machine's potential for field work and classroom learning.

To answer why we failed with these parts of the project, you need to understand the difficulty of integrating a project like this one into a middle school schedule (similar to a secondary school schedule). To remove a class and a teacher from the school day has implications for a good part of the entire school. To properly prepare a class for a day in the forest requires time away from a tight and somewhat unforgiving science curriculum. This is a risk for both the students and their teacher. Rob and I had to scale down the more ambitious elements of the project in order to maintain an equitable balance between the school's concerns and the project's goals.

But nevertheless we had some worthwhile moments also.

- □ the eMate with the eProbe seem to possess a wonderful capacity to fascinate our students. They truly liked to use them. I am sure with more time we would have succeeded in completed all parts of the project.
- □ the forest itself fascinates the students, though my guess is that a good number

of them would rather spend time with the machine than with the forest.

- the design of the water study was proved satisfactory. Our students collected data well. They liked being around the water, stream and reservoir. Any attempt at adding to and/or improving the water study would come from a fuller implementation of the eMate and eProbe.
- on a personal note, this experience gives me new knowledge regarding the creating of future projects that better match middle school science and the finding of new ways within the structure of large middle school to bring students into Black Rock Forest.

I tend to speak highly of the eMate regardless of the fact that Apple is no longer producing them. Other people, I am sure, can point out its limitations and faults. But you must know that our students responded to them incredibly well. The machines fascinated them. The eMate allowed for learning to be done in a real context. We were using technology in the forest. And not only that, it connected to a computer back in the classroom. The follow-through and the follow-up work was real and exciting. Simply put, I am not sure how high up the educational and research ladder the eMate can climb, but for eighth graders it was a perfect fit.

Included in this final report are model lessons and their assessments that Rob and I used to implement the project in school. Black Rock Forest Consortium is welcome to them.

### Model Lesson - Data Collection and Data Analysis leads to Research

Background Information - The data used in this model lesson comes from a three year water monitoring project done by the same students from the Newburgh Magnet Middle School during the school years 1992-3, 1993-4, and 1994-5. The students monitored water from 54 different sites in Black Rock Forest during these years. When the pH of the sites was placed against the elevation of the sites, a clear trend was evident: higher elevated sites had lower pH readings while the lower sites had higher pH readings. It seemed that as water flowed through the forest, it was neutralized - became less acidic. The data collection and data analysis process revealed a phenomenon that required investigation - Why and How was this change in pH happening?

**Objectives** 

- 1. Students will enter data given to them using the eMate 300. (Newton Works spreadsheet)
- 2. Students will use the eMate to produce a chart (X Y scatter graph) representing the data.
- 3. Students will examine the graph for patterns and trends.
- 4. Students will draw conclusions from the analysis.
- 5. Students will repeat this process using data from the next two years to evaluate conclusions drawn from the first analysis.

#### Materials

3 year water monitoring data, eMate 300 computer, PowerMac with printer.

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Practice and review using the eMate computer, especially the "make a chart" features. Student are to work in teams.
- 2. Distribute the first year water data 54 sites with pH and elevation.
- 3. Enter data and make a chart. Upload data and print graph.
- 4. Analyze data and form conclusions.
- 5. Repeat using data from the next two years. Are the results the same? What research opportunities can be drawn from these conclusions? What more is there to do?

#### Evaluation

- 1. Rate students' skill using the eMate with entering data, making the chart, and uploading data.
- 2. Rate students' skill regarding drawing conclusions and presenting their findings.

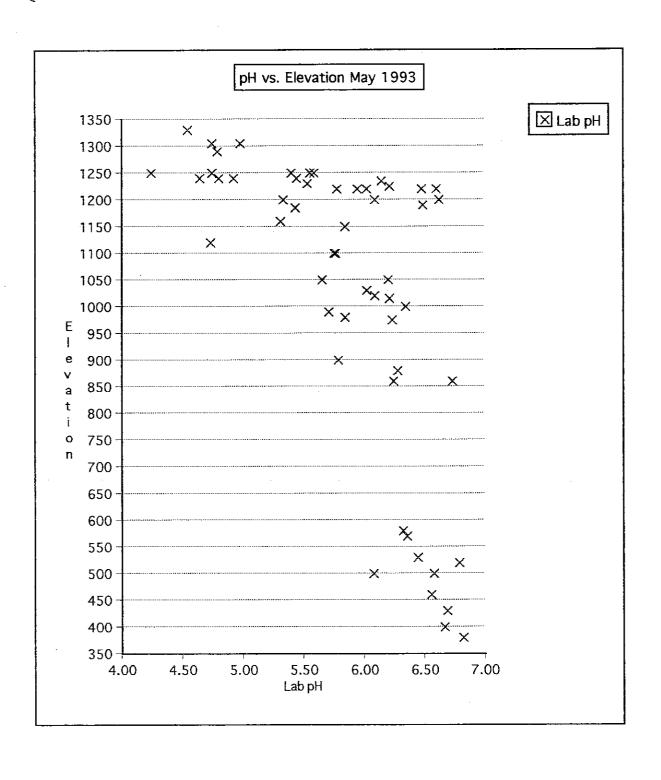
Note - Remember the students did not perform the field work. They did not collect the data used in this model. They will need to practice these skills. The key issue here is to get the students to see that data collection and data analysis will often generate a research investigation.

City Nome	- 1			
alle valie	Drainage	Class	Group	Student Name
	Canterbury Brook	North	1(Canterbury Brook)	Wes Needham
	Canterbury Brook	North	1(Canterbury Brook)	Natisha McQueen
Ť	Canterbury Brook	North	1(Canterbury Brook)	Joseph Reardon
	l Canterbury	North	:	Shawn McVov
1	Canterbury Brook	North		Lemar Hinson
6 Canterbury Brook at exit from Forest	Canterbury Brook	North	:	(John Brady)
	Black Rock Brook	North		Michael Tuna
	Black Rock Brook	North		Sondra Barker
9 S Tributary to Upper Reservoir at jeep road	Black Rock Brook	North	(Upper	Jermaine Monroe
10 Upper Reservoir	Black Rock Brook	North	1	Richard Haviland
<del>-</del>	Black Rock Brook	North	;	Faithia Green
12 Black Rock Brook before Upper Reservoir outflow	Black Rock Brook	North	;	Anna Chaves
	Black Rock Brook	North	_	Valerie Lamb
	Black Rock Brook	North	:	Mindy Erden
15 Black Rock Mountain Tributary to Black Rock Brook	Black Rock Brook	North	3(Lower Black Rock)	Michael Harrison
	Black Rock Brook	North	3(Lower Black Rock)	Leanne Scalli
	Black Rock Brook	North		Yajaira Vasquez
18 Black Rock Brook at Forest Headquarters	Black Rock Brook	North	3(Lower Black Rock)	Mindy Erden
19 Upper Cascade Brook at Carpenter Road	Cascade Brook	Central	1(Glycerine Hollow)	James Bradbury
·	Cascade Brook	Central	1(Glycerine Hollow)	Mike Doty
<b>,</b>	Cascade Brook	Central	1(Glycerine Hollow)	Kate De Lemos
~	Cascade Brook	Central	1(Glycerine Hollow)	Eynd Collazo
·	Bog Meadow	Central	1(Glycerine Hollow)	Laguardia Clego
4	Black Rock Brook	Central	2(Aleck Meadow)	Allie Shiels
Ŋ	Black Rock Brook	Central	2(Aleck Meadow)	Jen Skibitsky
9	Black Rock Brook	Central	2(Aleck Meadow)	Jaison Serrano
_	Rock	Central	2(Aleck Meadow)	Jon Williams
	Rock	Central	2(Aleck Meadow)	Pedro Villarreal
	Black Rock Brook	Central	2(Aleck Meadow)	Jen Lofaro
0	Black Rock Brook	Central	3(Sphagnum/Arthurs)	Shannon Hawxhurst
-	Black Rock Brook	Central	3(Sphagnum/Arthurs)	Brandon Datoli
~	Black Rock Brook	Central	3(Sphagnum/Arthurs)	Carissa Whitney
က	Black Rock Brook	Central	3(Sphagnum/Arthurs)	Peter Nugent
4	Black Rock Brook	Central	3(Sphagnum/Arthurs)	Marcella Jacobs
2		Central	3(Sphagnum/Arthurs)	Angie Ortiz
36 Sphagnum Swamp outflow	Black Rock/Canterbury	Central	3(Sphagnum/Arthurs)	Marcus Brown
37 Tamarack Pond at the Pines	Black Bock/Canterbury	South	1(Tamarack/Suhadulm)	400

1. ....

38	38 East Tributary to Tamarack Pond	Black Rock/Canterbury South	South	1(Tamarack/Sphagnum) Annie Williams	Annie Williams
39	39 Tamarack Pond at Lunch Rock	Black Rock/Canterbury	South	1 (Tamarack/Sohagnum) Karina Ouinonez	Karina Ouinonez
40	40 Sphagnum Pond inflow from Tamarack Pond	Black Rock/Canterbury	South	1(Tamarack/Sphagnum) Steven Smith	Steven Smith
41	41 Sphagnum Pond	Black Rock/Canterbury	South	1 (Tamarack/Sphagnum) Michael Laurino	Michael Laurino
42	42 Sphagnum Pond outflow below dam	Black Rock/Canterbury	South	1 (Tamarack/Sphagnum) Diana Andrews	Diana Andrews
43	43 Arthur's Spring	Black Rock Brook	South	2(Jim's Pond)	James Wilson
44	44 Jim's Pond outflow	Jim's Pond	South		Patty Deyo
45	45 Jim's Pond at Causeway	Jim's Pond	South	2(Jim's Pond)	Alicia Kevser
46	46 Jim's Pond W end	Jim's Pond	South	2(Jim's Pond)	Yashsmika Stevenso
47	47 Wilkin's Pond inflow at Jim's Pond Road	Wilkin's Pond	South	2(Jim's Pond)	Travis Hays
4 8	48 Cat Hollow inflow	Cat Hollow	South	2(Jim's Pond)	J. Robles/E. Bowen
49		Mineral Spring	South	ond)	Nathan Brown
20	50 W end Sutherland Pond	Mineral Spring	South		David Burgoa
21	51 Sutherland Pond wetlands, North	Mineral Spring	South		Chris Potter
52	52 Sutherland Pond wetlands, South	Mineral Spring	South	3(Sutherland Pond)	Nicholas Politi
53	53 Mineral Spring Brook at Sutherland Pond Road	Mineral Spring	South	3(Sutherland Pond)	Melissa Smith
54	54 O'Dell's Spring	Mineral Spring	South	3(Sutherland Pond) △	April Stecher

Site Number	Field pH	Elevation	Lab pH	Elevation	
1	6.00	1226	6.21	1226	
2	5.50	/~~~~	5.33	1200	
3	6.00		5.77	i	
4	6.25	;	5.76	······	
5	<u> </u>		6.25	1100	
. 6	6.50			860	
7	6.50	(	6.58	500	
8			6.20		
9	6.50	<u> </u>	5.71	990	
10	7.50		5.85	980	₹
11	·	L	6.23	975	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8.00		6.32	580	
12	8.00	570	6.36	570	C C
13	6.00	530	6.44	530	<u>.</u>
14	7.00	520 500	6.79	520	
15	6.00	500	6.08	500	yay s
16	7.00	460	6.55	460	
17	7.00	400	6.67	400	
18	7.00	380	6.82	380	
19	5.50	1120	4.73	1120	
20	6.00	860	6.73	860	
21	6.00	880	6.28		
22	5.50	900	5.79	900	
23	5.50	1184	5.43	1184	
24	6.00	1050	5.65	1050	
2.5	6.00	1030	6.02	1030	
26	6.00	1016	6.21	1016	
27	6.00	1000	6.34	1000	
28	6.00	1020	6.09	1020	
29	6.00	1200	6.09	1200	
30	6.00	1220	6.02	1220	
31	6.50	1220	5.94	1220	
32	6.50	1200	6.62	1200	
33	6.50	1190	6.49	1190	
34	6.50	1220	6.60	1220	7F41-114444
35	6.50	1220	6.48	1220	••••
36	6.00	1220	5.78	1220	
37	5.00	1305	4.98	1305	
38	5.00	1330	4.54	1330	
39	5.00	1305	4.75	1305	
40	5.00	1290	4.79	1290	
41	5.50	1240	4.92	1240	
42	6.00	1236	6.14	1236	
43	5.50	1250	5.59	1250	
44	6.00	1230	5.53	1230	
45	5.00	1240	4.92	1240	
46	5.00	1240	4.80	1240	
47	5.50	1160	5.31	1160	
48	6.00	1150	5.85	1150	
49	5.50	1250	5.56	1250	
50	5.50	1250	5.40	1250	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
51	5.00	1250	4.74	1250	
52		1250	4.25	1250	
53	5.00	1240	4.65	1240	
54	5.50	1240	5.45	1240	

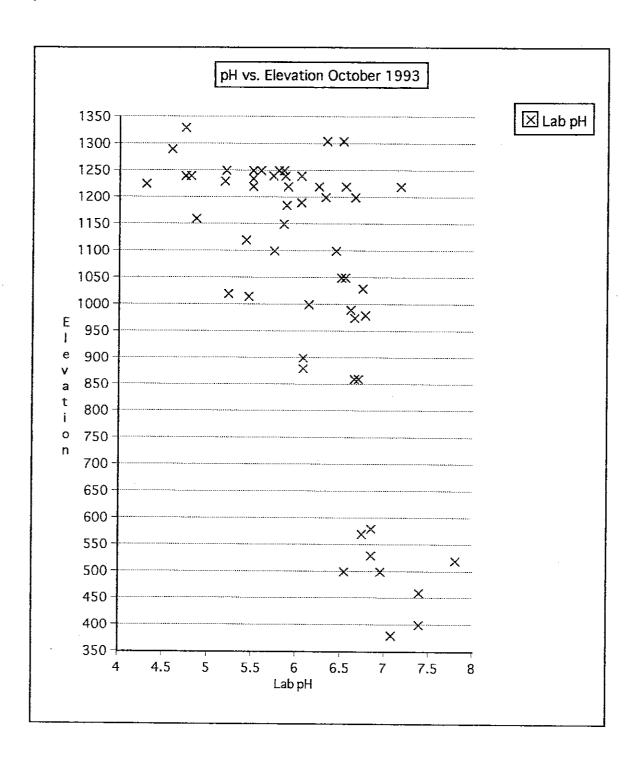


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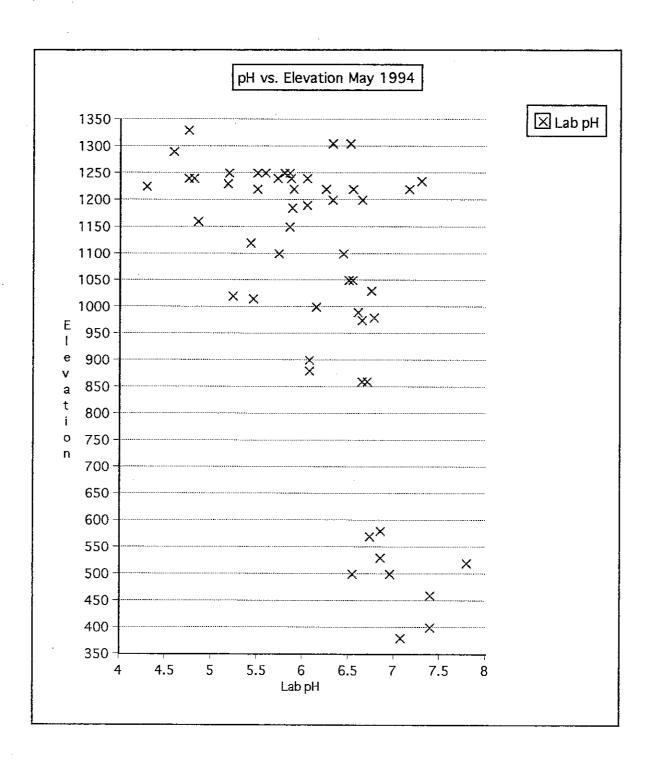
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46	Jim's Pond W end	Jim's Pond
47	Wilkin's Pond inflow at Jim's Pond Road	Wilkin's Pond
48	Cat Hollow inflow	Cat Hollow
49	N end Sutherland Pond	Mineral Spring
50	W end Sutherland Pond	Mineral Spring
51	Sutherland Pond wetlands, North	Mineral Spring
52	Sutherland Pond wetlands, South	Mineral Spring
	Mineral Spring Brook at Sutherland Pond Road	Mineral Spring
54	O'Dell's Spring	Mineral Spring
55	Mineral Spring Falls	Mineral Spring
56	Bog Meadow outflow	Bog Meadow
57	Cascade Brook at Route 9W	Cascade Brook
58	White Oak wetlands	?
59	Upper Deer Hill drainage	Black Rock Brook
60	Lower Canterbury Brook	Canterbury Brook
61	Canterbury Brook at Academy Avenue	Canterbury Brook
62	Hudson River at Cornwall Landing	Hudson River
63	CBR Ranch drainage	Canterbury Brook
64	BRF Precipitation	n/a
	BRF Precipitation	n/a
66	BRF Precipitation	n/a
66	BRF Precipitation	n/a

Elevation	Student Name	Field pH	Lab pH
1226	Wes Needham	6	4.3
1200	Natisha McQueen	5.5	6.65
1100	Joseph Reardon	6	5.74
	Shawn McVoy	6	6.44
	Lemar Hinson	6	6.7
	(John Brady)	6.5	6.54
	Michael Tuna	6	6.5
1	Sondra Barker	6	6.6
	Jermaine Monroe	6.5	6.78
	Richard Haviland	6.5	6.65
	Faithia Green	6.5	6.85
	Anna Chaves	6.5	6.74
	Valerie Lamb	6.85	
	Mindy Erden	7.8	
	Michael Harrison	7.5 6.5	6.95
	Leanne Scalli	7	7.4
	400 Yajaira Vasquez		7.4
	Mindy Erden	7	7.08
	James Bradbury	5.5	5.42
	860 Mike Doty		6.65
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	880 Kate DeLemos		6.08
	Eynd Collazo	6	6.08
	Laguardia Clegg	5.5	5.88
	Allie Shiels	6	6.55
<del></del>	Jen Skibitsky	6	6.75
	Jaison Serrano		5.46
	Jon Williams	6.5	6.14
	Pedro Villarreal	6	5.23
	Jen Lofaro	6.25	6.65
	Shannon Hawxhurst	6	5.5
	Brandon Datoli	6	6.25
1	Carissa Whitney	6.5	6.32
<del></del>	Peter Nugent	6	6.05
	Marcella Jacobs	5.75	6.55
	Angie Ortiz	6.25	
	Marcus Brown	5.5	5.9
	Josh Arnold	6	6.52
	Annie Williams	4.5	4.75
	Karina Quinonez	6	6.33
	Steven Smith	5	4.59
<u> </u>	Michael Laurino	5.5	4.81
	Diana Andrews	5.5	
	James Wilson	5.75	
	Patty Deyo	5.25	i
	Alicia Keyser	5.25	1

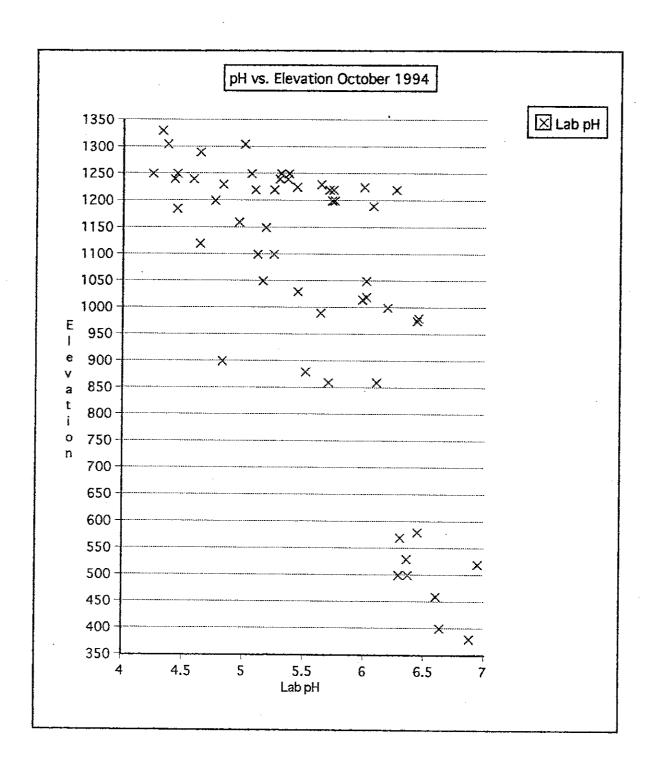
1240	Yashsmika Stevenson	5.75	4.75
1160	Travis Hays	5.75	
1150 J. Robles/E. Bowen		5.5	5.85
1250	1250 Nathan Brown		5.79
1250	David Burgoa	5.5	5.5
1250	Chris Potter	4.5	5.59
1250	Nicholas Politi	4.5	5.85
1240	Melissa Smith	5.5	6.05
1240	April Stecher	5.5	5.72
430	n/a		
795	n/a		
610	n/a	7	
1080	n/a		
520	n/a	7.5	7.25
400	n/a		
250	n/a	6.5	6.9
0	n/a	7.5	7.45
350	n/a	7	7.13
	n/a	4.5	4.8
	n/a		
	n/a		



_=	ration	pH Elev	Elevation L	Field pH	Site Number
	1226	4.3	1226	6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1
	1200	6.65	1200	5.5	2
	1100	5.74	1100	6	3
	1100	6.44	1100	6	4
	860	6.7	860	6	5
	500	6.54	500	<u> </u>	6
	1050	6.5	1050	6	7
	990	6.6	990	6	8
May 1994	980	6.78	980	6.5	9
<u>_</u>	975	6.65	975	6.5	10
	580	6.85	580	6.5	11
O O	570	6.74	570	6.5	12
<u> </u>	530	T-1711414 84 4-14 1	530	6.5	13
		6.85			14
	520	7.8	520 500	7.5	15
	500	6.95		6.5 7	10
	460	7.4	460	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16 17
	400	7.4	400	7	
	380	7.08	380	7	18
	1120	5.42	1120	5.5	19
	860	6.65	860	6	20
.4.5/	880	6.08	880	6	21
	900	6.08	900	6	22
	1184	5.88	1184	5.5	23
	1050	6.55	1050	6	24
	1030	6.75	1030	6	25
	1016	5.46	1016	6	26
	1000	6.14	1000	6.5	27
	1020	5.23	1020	6	28
	1200	6.65	1200	6.25	29
*****************	1220	5.5	1220	6	30
	1220	6.25	1220	6	31
	1200	6.32	1200	6.5	32
	1190	6.05	1190	6	33
	1220	6.55	1220	5.75	34
	1220	7.16	1220	6.25	35
	1220	5.9	1220		36
	1305	6.52	1305		. 37
	1330	4.75	1330		38
	1305	6.33	1305		39
	1290	4.59	1290		40
	1240	4.81	1240		41
	1236	7.3	1236		42
	1250	5.19	1250	5.75	43
	1230	5.18	1230	5.25	44
	1240	5.87	1240	5.25	45
	1240	4.75	1240	5.75	46
	1160	4.86	1160	5.75	47
	1150	5.85	1150	5.5	48
	1250	5.79	1250	5.5	49
	1250	5.5	1250	5	50
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1250	5.59	1250	4.5	51
******	1250	5.85	1250	4.5	52
	1240	6.05	1240	5.5	53
	1240	5.72	1240	5.5	54



te Number	Field pH	Elevation	Lab pH	Elevation	
1	, 6	1226	5.99	1226	***************************************
2	5.4	1200	4.76	1200	
3	5.7	1100		1100	
4	6	1100	:	1100	
5	5.75	860	6.1	860	
6	t	500	i	500	
7	5.5	1050		1050	
8	6	990	<u> </u>	990	
9	6.5	980	6.45	980	
10	6.75	975	6.43	975	
11	6.5	580	6.44	580	October 1
12	6.5	570	6.3	570	October 1
13	6.75	530		530	<u>છે</u>
14	7.25	520	6.95	520	<u>ě</u> -
15	6.25	500	6.29	500	
16	7	460	6.6	460	994
17		400	6.63	400	
18	6.9	380	6.88	380	
19	5	1120		1120	
20	5	860	5.7	860	
21	5.5	880		880	
22	5.5	900			<u>-</u>
23	5	1184	4.82	900	
24	5.75	1050		1184	
25	5.75 6	1030	5.16 5.44	1050	
25 26	6.25			1030	
26 27		1016		1016	
	6.75	1000	6.19	1000	
28	6	1020	6.01	1020	
29	6	1200	5.72	1200	
30	6	1220	5.73	1220	
31	6	1220		1220	·
32	6.5	1200	5.75	1200	
33	6.5	1190	6.07	1190	
34	6.5	1220	6.26	1220	
35	5.5	1220	5.24	1220	
36	5.5	1220	5.09	1220	
37	5.25	1305	5	1305	
38	4.5	1330	4.32	1330	
39	5.5	1305	4.37	1305	
40	5.5	1290	4.63	1290	
41	5.25	1240	4.58	1240	
42	6	1230	4.82	1230	
43	5.5	1250	5.3	1250	
44	6	1230	5.63	1230	
45	6	1240	5.29	1240	
46	6	1240	5.36	1240	
47	5.5	1160	4.96	1160	
48	6	. 1150	5.18	1150	
49	5.1	1250	5.06	1250	
50	6	1250	5.37	1250	
51	5	1250	4.45	1250	
52	4.3	1250	4.24	1250	
53	5.5	1240	4.42	1240	
54	5.5	1225	5.43	1225	,,



### Preparation for Trip #1 - Making the Profile of the Research Site

The goal of this pre-field work activity is to practice the skills needed to make a profile of the research site.

#### **Objectives**

- 1. Students will work in teams of 3 to 4 students a team.
- 2. Students will prepare the materials and supply kits for the project.
- 3. Students will practice using the tools needed to complete the profile.
- 4. Students will practice using the eMate 300 to record the data from the practice activities.

#### <u>Materials</u>

Prepare a measurement and supplies kit - a thermometer, a compass, pencils, paper, ruler, measuring tape, measuring string, magnifying lense, water collecting bottle/jar, sheets of plastic, plastic baggies, color pencils.

### Additional Materials

pH testing kit, identification books for animal, tree, and water life, camcorder, camera, eMate 300.

### <u>Procedures</u>

- •Use the Middle School Outdoor Classroom (wooded area with pond behind the school) for practice.
- •Develop skills needed to be complete the project. These include: measuring temperature and distance, making a rough map of the site, using a field guidebook to identify plant and animal life, recording data on the eMate, uploading information to PowerMac, reading a compass, using the pH test kit, working in a cooperative group, using the camera and camcorder.

### **Evaluation**

Use the checklist, Are you ready for forest field work?

## Preparation for Trips #2 to #5 the Black Rock Forest Site & Field Work Activities

The goal of this prepartory lesson is to review and rehearse skills needed by the students to return to the Black Rock Forest research site.

### Background Information

By the time trips #2 through #5 come due, we will be in the late winter and spring. It will be necessary to renew the students skills and interest in the project. They will need to move the project forward by practicing the new skills of data analysis, drawing conclusions, and making presentations using data from a Water Monitoring Project done by middle school students at Black Rock Forest from 1993 to 1994.

### <u>Objectives</u>

- 1. Students will assess their knowledge of the eMate 300, recall their research sites, and rehearse the skills needed to continue with the project.
- Students will practice the skills of data entry (spreadsheet and make a chart), data analysis, and drawing conclusions using data from a Black Rock Forest Water Monitoring Project.
- 3. Students will produce correct representations of the data using the computers.
- 4. Students in teams will present their conclusions based on the Water Monitoring Project to the class.

### **Procedures**

Provide plenty of opportunities for the students to refresh all their Black Rock Forest skills. Make it known that they are now to move the project to the next level by analyzing data, drawing conclusions from the data, and presenting this information to the class. All this practice will lead toward replicating their classmates work.

### Evaluation

Use the scoring guide, Rating the Representations of Data, and the rubric, Making a Presentation.

### Trip #1 - the Black Rock Forest Site & Field Work Activities

The goal of Trip #1 is to complete a profile of the research area.

### Background Information

The main research area is a small forest stream that flows into a reservoir. Six smaller sites, one site for each student team, will be cut from this general area. Each site will be identified (flagged) inside this main area. A research site will run 20 feet along the stream and extend twenty feet from each side of the stream, making the total area of team research site 800 square feet (20' x 40'). The first site will begin at the mouth of the stream where the stream empties into the reservoir. Each successive site follows the stream back toward its source.

#### **Objectives**

- 1. Students work in teams of 3 to 4 students a team.
- 2. Students implement plans for field work. Plans include using the field computer, a camera, and a camcorder.
- 3. Students display appropriate behaviors to complete the profile.

### **Profile Activities**

- 1. Implement your plan to record visual information about your assigned site using a camera and a camcorder (video camera). These images should help you remember your site, inform others about your site, and contribute to a full understanding of your site.
- 2. Implement your plan to record measurements about your assigned site using measuring tapes, thermometer, compass, pH test kit. Identify trees and other plant life, animal and water life as best you can. Keep files on your eMate computer. Your profile should include aspects of the biology, geology, chemistry of the site. Make drawings of your site using the computer. Accurately place all significant physical features on your drawing. Organize your data into a table using the computer. Keep a written record of all your observations using the computer.

#### **Evaluation**

Use the checklist, How does the field work data look?

### Trips #2 and #3 - the Black Rock Forest Site & Field Work Activities

The goal of trips #2 and #3 is to collect and record all data from each team's original research site.

### Background Information

For trips #2 and #3 students will return their original research sites. They will review the site profile and retake measurements to update the profile. The data collection phase of the project now begins. This will lead to analysis, conclusions, and presentations.

#### **Objectives**

- 1. Students will take measurements of their research site according to plan.
- 2. Students will make observations of their research site according to plan.
- 3. Students will record all data and observations using a field computer.

#### **Procedures**

Implement the plans each student team has prepared for Trips #2 And #3. These include a review and update of the site and a full data collection attempt.

### **Evaluation**

Use the checklist, How does the field work data look?

### Trips #4 and #5 - the Black Rock Forest Site & Field Work Activities

The goal of trips #4 and #5 is for each team to replicate the collection process at another research site.

### **Background Information**

Before these trips, each team would have made a presentation to the class reporting their observations and conclusions from its first data collection attempt. They will receive the profile information of another site in order to perform a second data collection attempt at this new research site.

#### **Objectives**

- 1. Students will locate the new research site using another team's profile information.
- 2. Students will review and update the profile information of the new site.
- 3. Students will perform data collection procedures as usual.

### **Procedures**

Implement the plans each student team has prepared for Trips #4 And #5. These include a review and update of the new research site profile and a full data collection attempt there.

### Evaluation

Use the checklist, How does the field work data look?

# Post Black Rock Forest Field Work Analyzing Data, Drawing Conclusions, and Making Presentations

The goal of this set of activities is bring the project to its ultimate conclusion.

<u>Background Information</u>

All field work is now completed. Students, in teams, have made presentations of their own work done on trips#2 and #3 at the original research sites. They have just finished trips #4 and #5 at new sites, sites that another team had worked on previously. The teams are to analyze the data from the second site, draw conclusions from it, and present the findings to their classmates. This time the twist will be to see how well this second effort matches the first effort. After this is done, a final persistent thought must be address by each student to bring the project to a close - Did our work in Black Rock Forest result in any unanswered questions? Did any of our data cause us to wonder why or to ask questions? Is there more to do?

### <u>Objectives</u>

- 1. Students analyze and draw conclusions data from the second sites.
- 2. Students present this second set of findings in light of the first set.
- 3. Students individually determine in a final report if the data collected calls for additional study.

### <u>Procedures</u>

Allow students to fully analyze the data from the second site. This analysis must be done in light of the first effort at the site. This should lead to conclusions of how well the first and second attempts match or do not match. Findings are to be presented to classmates. Help students through discussion to move to another level of concern regarding new research initiatives as a result of our project. Each student must produce a written final report dealing with these considerations.

### **Evaluation**

- •Use the scoring guide, Rating the Representations of Data, and the rubric, Making a Presentation.
- Rate the final report of each student.

### Assessment - Students Becoming Scientists Project

- Part 1 Pre-field Work Activities

  Use a checklist to evaluate the level of preparedness of each student team.
- Part 2 Field Work Recording Observations and Data on the eMate 300
  Use a checklist to evaluate the thoroughness and organization of the recorded observations and data collection using the eMate 300.
- Part 3 Representing the Data Using the eMate 300
  Using a rubric, evaluate the printed charts, tables, and graphs for clarity, accuracy, and thoroughness.
- Part 4 Making a Presentation
  Using a rubric, evaluate each student team's presentation of data analysis and conclusion.
- Part 5 Individual Final Report In a more traditional manner, rate a Final Report written by each student independent of the team.

## Newburgh Middle School and Black Rock Forest Project

Checklist - Are you ready for the Forest field work?

Nam	mesD	ate
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Usir	ing the eMate 300 - Can you?  □ Save documents (naming documents)	
	☐ Record Observations in word processing	
	□ Record Observations in drawing	
	n Record Data in spreadsheet	
□ Sup	pplies and Materials - Do you have?	
	□ paper and pencils	
	□ thermometer	
	□ compass	
	measuring string	
	□ masking tape	
i	п field guidebooks (plants and animals)	
	asuring Skills - Have you practiced?	
Į	n reading the compass	
ı	a using the measuring string	
[	□ reading the thermometer	
E	□ doing a pH test	
Plan	nning for the Camera and Camcorder - Have prepared a script for the camcorder	you?
E	□ planned to select four object/places to photograph	า

### Newburgh Middle School and Black Rock Forest Project

Checklist - How does the field work data look?

names	
Using the eMate 300 - Did you?  □ Save all documents (name each document)	
□ Record Observations and Data in word proces	sing
□ Record Observations and Data in drawing	
□ Record Observations and Data in spreadsheet	
Measuring Skills - Is the data?  □ accurately measured and recorded	
u well-organized, easy to find, read, and underst	and
Using the Camera and Camcorder - Did you  □ fully and accurately video-record your site	?
photograph four significant objects/places which	ch define your site
Team Work - Did each team member?   make positive contributions.	
□ do his/her job well.	•
□ help to complete the field work.	
Comments - Make any comments that will halp impr	oug the project the part time
Comments - Make any comments that will help improduced the comments of the comments and the comments are comments.	
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### Newburgh Middle School and Black Rock Forest Project

### Post Field Work

### Rating the Representations of Data

Names	JamesDate						
PowerMac. Doo	cuments y	m members know how to connect the eMate 300 to the rou create on the eMate 300 must be uploaded to the iting, and printing.					
be presented to to use the eMate	the class. e and the	be put into charts, drawings, tables, and/or graphs in order to These are representations of your field work data. You are PowerMac to do this. When you are done, print out your for evaluation. Your work will be evaluated in the following					
		rance - The representations are neat and well-organized. All labled and identified.					
• <u>Accuracy</u> the field	<u>r</u> - The da work data	ta displayed in the representations are accurately taken from . They are correctly shown in the representations.					
		Il data is displayed in some type of representation. All data is accounted for.					
Scoring -							
• 4 points	=	highest quality, needs no improvements					
• 3 points	=	acceptable quality, needs improvements in one area					
• 2 points	=	questionable quality, needs improvement in all areas					
• 1 points		unacceptable work, needs to be redone					
• 0 points	=	assignment incomplete or not done					
Score ar	nd Comme	ents					